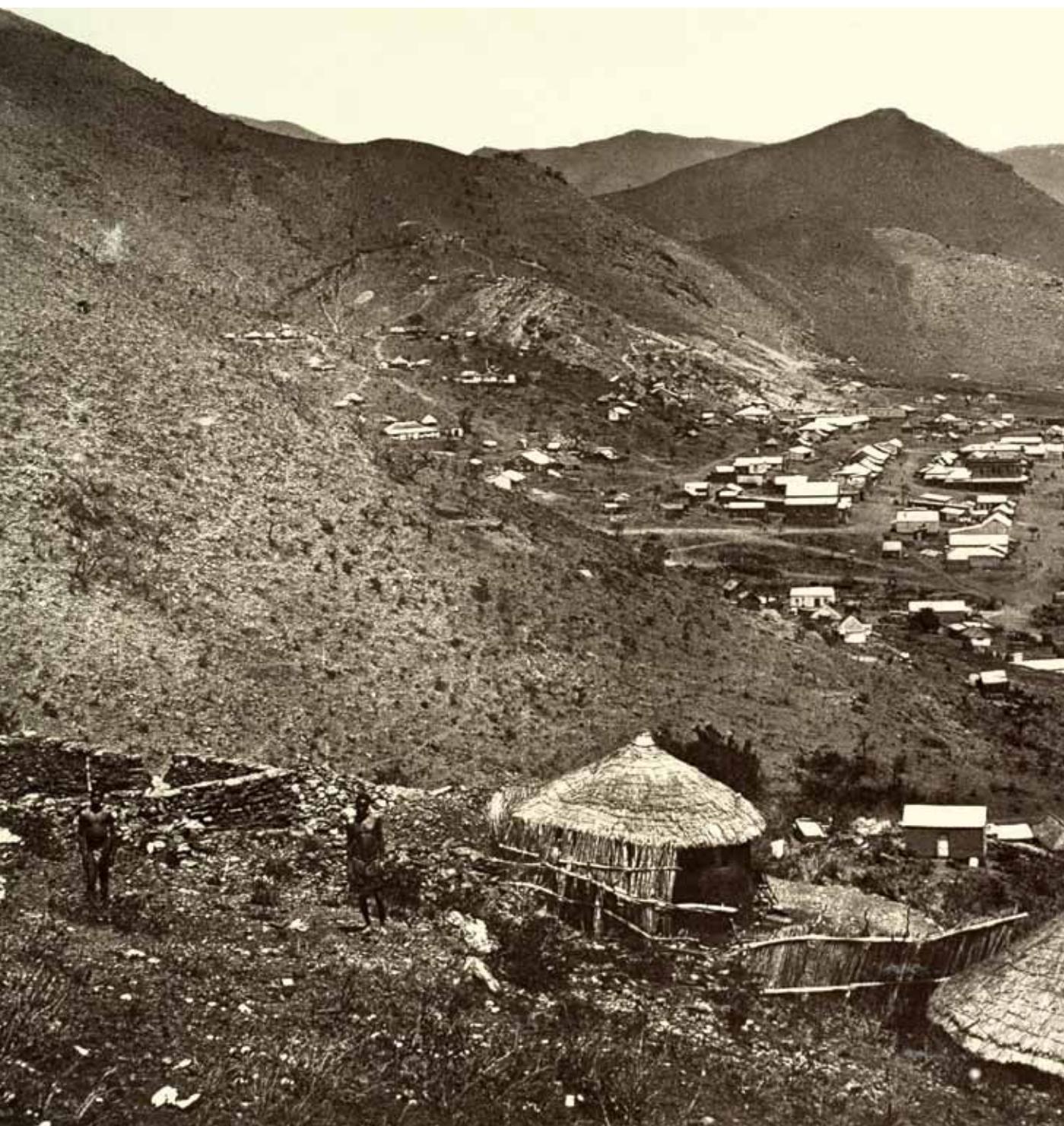


IMPUMALANGA





IMPUMALANGA

Umlando Okhamba Neenthombe

Peter Delius noMichelle Hay

Utjhugululwe Ngu

P B Skhosana

H
HIGHVELD



Imbiza yesiZulu; imbiza
yesiSwati; imbiza
ngokwesiTsonga/
isiShangane; isiSwati
isigiki/isicamelo.

First published in January 2009 by:
The Highveld Press
79 Oxford Road, Saxonwold
Johannesburg, South Africa
P O Box 44926, Linden 2104
Tel + 27 11 646 0301
Fax + 27 11 646 0319
www.highveld.co.za
info@highveld.co.za

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Ikhasi lethayitlela:
amaphasi ahlanganko-
umuzi wabantu
abanzima embundwini
weBarberton ekupheleni
kwasentjhuri ye-19.

ISBN 978-0-620-42781-4

Designed by Riaan de Villiers and Tim Sheasby
Image research by Harold Thompson and Rita Potenza
Reproduction by Riaan de Villiers and Graeme Williams
Printed by Lawprint Johannesburg



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Okuphatelene Nabatloli

UPeter Delius unguPhrofesa eYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand. Eminyakeni emadikhedi ambalwa waba arhubhulula umlando wendawo esele ingaphasi kweMpumalanga neLimpopo namhlanje begodu kuneencwadi nama-atikili ambalwa asele awagadangisile ngaphasi kwaleso sihloko, ngokufaka isihloko esithi, '*The land Belongs To Us*'(University of California Press, 1983) nesithi *A Lion Amongst the Cattle* (Heinemann, Ravan Press, James Currey, 1996).

Michelle Hay uneziyu ze-Honours kwezomlando azithola eYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand (ngekwekwezi) Njenganje ufundela iziqu zeMasters eemFundweni zaBantu be-Afrika e-Oxford University e-United Kingdom.

Umtlolo okilomqulu uzinze kuMpumalanga: Umlando namagugu(UKZN Press, 2007), abatloli bawo kungilaba;

Jane Carruthers, onguPhrofesa womlando e-University of South Africa.

Richard Cope, owabamfundisi omkhulu wezomlando eYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand.

UPeter Delius, unguPhrofesa eYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand.

Amanda Esterhuysen, omfundisi ku-School of Geography, Archaeology and Environmental Studies eYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand.

Paul Holden, omrhubbhululi wamatorho nomtloli begodu abe mfundi wangaphambilini wezomlando eYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand.

Cynthia Kros, uphrofesa begodu oyinhloko yeNgceny ephiko lokuCiko namaSiko, amaGugu nokuPhatha esiKolweni sobuCiko seYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand.

Tlou Makhura, umrhubbhululi omkhulu eFreedom Park Trust ePretoria, begodu ngaphambilini udorhodere eWits Institute of Social and Economic Research.



Sello Mathabatha, umrhuhululi weSouth African National Academy of Intelligence (SANAI), begodu abe nguphrofesa wangaphambilini weWits History Workshop begodu abe mtloli nosomaqhingana.

Bernard Mbenga, uphrofesa eYunivesithi yeNorth West eMafikeng.

Christopher Mulaudzi, umnqophisi wokutjheja ukwenzelwa kwemisebenzi emNyangweni weSocial Development begodu nowabe mfundi wezomlando eYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand.

Stefan Schirmer, uphrofesa kwezomlando nokuthuthuka komnotho eYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand.

Benjamin W Smith, umnqophisi weRock Art Research Institute yeYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand.

Jeannette Smith, uso-atjhiyoloji begodu umrhuhululi.

Maarten de Wit, Phillipson-Stow unguPhrofesa weGeology and Mineralogy eYunivesithi yeCape Town, begodu abuye abe mnqophisi wesayensi eAfrica Earth Observatory Network (AEON).

Leslie F Zubieta, umfundi owenza iziqu zobudorhodera eRock Art Research Institute yeYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand.

Idzila yesiNdebele.





Isethulo

IMPUMALANGA SIFUNDA esitjha kodwana siphethe umlando omuhle nononileko ngelwazi. Ngomnyaka we-2005 umBuso wesFunda seMpumalanga wasungula iPhrojekthi yamaGugu (*Heritage Project*) ngomnqopho wokobana urhubhulule umlando wesifunda bese lokho ikusebenzisela ukwazi ngetuthuko nokuhluka kwayo kwezinye iimfunda.

Hlangana nezinye izinto, iphrojekthi le yaba nomphumela wokukhutjhwa nokugadangiswa *kweMpumalanga: History and Heritage* (2007), ekumsebenzi omkhulu owtlolwa siqhema sabarhubhululi esasidoswa phambili nguPhrofesa uPeter Delius weYunivesithi yeWitwatersrand.

Nayivelako umbuso weMpumalanga wazibophelela ekutheni udlale indima eqakathekileko ekwenzeni okungaphakathi nenani litholakale. Kuyangithabisa ukuveza bona sasihlonipha leso sitembiso.

Ngiyathemba bona lencwadi eneenthombe, iindaba ezithinta umoya ngeenkhathi zalesisifunda ezadlulako izokuba ligugu kilabo abazokuza njengabavakatjhi, abotitjhere nebantwaneni abaseenkolweni.

Ngithanda godu bona ngithokoze umsebenzi omkhulu esiwenzelwe yi-*First National Bank* (FNB) kanye ne-*National Heritage Council* (NHC), nabanye abaphekisi bephrojekthi ngokwenza lencwadi iphumelele ngokugadangiswa.

Thabang Makwetla

UNDUNAKULU weMpumalanga

October 2008



IMPUMALANGA HERITAGE Project, eye yanikela ngesisekelo seMpumalanga: *History and Heritage* kanye nalencwadi ehle nefundeka lula begodu kamnandi kangaka yasikinyiswa nguNDUNAKULU, uThabang Makwetla. Nanyana kunjalo, kileminyaka esandukudlula lephrojekthi gade kuyingcenye yomsebenzi owenziwa mnyanagwami yawuraga waragela phambili ngeendlela ezimbalwa. Siye sahlela imihlangano embalwa la izinto ezinengi eziqathekileko eziphathelene namagugu wesifunda gade sikhulunywa khona boslwazi phambi kwabalaleli. UmNyanguwami ubuye wabandakanya umhlahl-andlela wabotitjhere kuMpumalanga: History and Heritage osele nawo uphelile.

Ikhasi eliqalene naleli:
Iimphororo zeBerlin
eMpumalanga.



Msinya nje uzakwethulwa kibotijhere neenkolweni zesifunda soke ngombana uzokunikela umthombo omkhulu oqakathekileko kibotijhere nabafundi abasebenza nzima ngomlando wekharikhylamu etja. Lomqulu ubuye usinikele omunye umthombo oqakathekileko wokobana sikhwazi ukucabanga ngomlando wesifunda kanye nangekusasa ekufanele silakhe sibambene. Ngalokho siyazigqaja ngabarhubhululi, abatloli, iinkhulu zombuso kanye nabosopolotiki abazame ngawo woke amandla wokufaka isandla kilencwadi.

Dinah Pule

ILunga leKomidi elawulako kwezemidlalo, amaSiko nokuzithabisa emBusweni wePumalanga
October 2008



LENCWADI IVEZA amanye amaphuzu nelwazi elimunyethwe ku-Mpumalanga: *History and Heritage*. Itlolwe yadzimelela phezu kwamarhubhululo nokutlola kwabatloli begodu siye sasizakala godu ngabo lababosolwazi ngeemphakamiso nangokulungiswa kweemphoso kilomtlolo. Indlela yokutlola kwethu umtlolo ofundekako nophilako kufakazelona bona kwesinye isikhathi gade sizibandakanya begodu siziphendulela. Lencwadi ibuye yazuza okunengi okupathelene nerhubhululo la uHarold Thompson adlale khona indima ekulu.

Lomlando okhambisana neenthombe umphumela womzamo owabuthelelw soloko kwangomnyaka we-2005, ngesikhathi uNdunakulu uMakwetla athoma *iMpumalanga Heritage Project*. UNdunakulu neensebenzi ze-ofisakhe bebazinikele kilomsebenzi begodu batjheja nokutjheja. Uburholi neenkhulu zomNyango wamaSiko, imidlalo nokuzithabisa bewuphumelela bagodu uyelelisa ngefanelo ukube ngahlanye i-FNB ne-NHC bebazinikela nabo ngokusiza. Siye saba netjhudu ngombana boke abaphekisi bethu, egade baba msinya ekuphenduleni esikufunako, bebatjheje kuhle nesekelo labo kilephro-jekthi yelwazi egade izijamele.. Kokugcina uRiaan de Villiers nabangani bakhe be-*The Highveld Press* balethe isizo elikhulu neboneylopambili ngencwadi le nabantu ababeyisebenza ngaphambili.

UPeter Delius and Michelle Hay

Oktoba 2008

Ikhasi eliqalene
naleli: Umthathi
wesiphila ekangala
yeMpumalanga.



Ngokuya ngesidleni
 kusukela phezulu:
 Ibhubezi ligijimisa
 iimbevula esithameleni
 seenyamazana;
 isitodlwana esithengisa
 iinthelo endleleni
 eduze neBarberton;
 iplasi yabobhanana
 eduze neWhite River;
 ummango osewula
 yekangala.





Isethulo

YOKE MINYAKA, amatjhumi weenkulungwana zabavakatjhi bala ekhaya nababuya ngaphetjheya basuka eGauteng nakwezinye iindawo bazozigedla emarizoti wala eMpumalanga aseendaweni ezihle kanye neenthameleni ezidume khulu zeenyamazana ezila ehlanzi. Kodwana basuke barhabe ngokukhambe babukela imimango eletha ithabo baze bayokufika la baya khona. Bazi kancani khulu bona ibhoduluko evane bakilweli limumethe amagugu angangani womlando namasiko, kangangobana nange bangakhamba kancani bakhambé bajama endleleni nanyana bakhambé baphambuka endleleni ekulu bangafunda okukhulu nokunengi ngekhambó labo.

Umnqopho walencwadi kugcugcuzela boke abasuke barhabile nalabo abafuna ukwazi begodu bahlale isikhathjhana eside kilesisifunda. Inzinze phezu kwe-XE “Mpumalanga” *Mpumalanga: History and Heritage* (UKZN Press 2007), ephuphuma ngelwazi. Kodwana asizami ukugcina ubulingisi ngalo loke ilwazi elikilomqulu. Esikhundleni salalokho, sivele sayikhambisa neenthombe, iindaba kanye nokhunye okwenza lomlando ongakavami nomuhle kangaka wesifunda ululubeze.

Ihlaka Lepilo

Nasithoma kade khulu sifumana bona ukubumbeka kwamadwala weMpumalanga kusinikela ubufakazi bomlando wokuthoma ngephasi lethu eminyakeni emabhiliyoní amathathu nesiquntu eyadlulako. Okuqakatheke khulu kutholakala nokulandelela amabumbeko amadala wokuthoma atjengisako bona isifundesi silihlaka lepilo emhlabeni.

Okhunye okukhona ngaso lesikhathi kukobana umlando womuntu awuseseyinto eyivela kancani. Ngavo lomlando iMpumalanga iveza ezinengi iindaba eziyenza bona ihluke kwezinye iimfundu. Iindawo ezimumethé indabuko zinikela ubufakazi obuhle beempilo zabantu nababe baphila ngaphambilini eminyakeni esi-1.7 yesigidi. Ziveza isikhathi sanamhlanje sokuphila kanye nokuthintana kwabazumi besiKhathi seLitje kanye nabalimi besiKhathi seSimbi. Khulukhulu ubukghwari obukarisako belitje ngesikhathi esadlula kade butholakala kizo zoke iindawo zeMpumalanga. Imilando



Clockwise from top: Maize field and power station, eastern highveld; plantations north of Nelspruit; lowveld landmark: the Sappi paper mill at Ngodwana; logs in a timber yard at Barberton.



yokuthoma yeendawo ekwakuhlalwa kizo zibunjwe kabutjha ngokuqala izinto ezikhona neziphathekako. Kodwana kunobuthakha obudephileko bomlomo ubukghona ukubuyela emuva eenkhathini zesentjhuri ye-15, ekungibo ebenze abarhubhululi bakghone ukuhlanganisa umlando wenarha nabahlali bayo bokuthoma bomphakathi. Kube lula nokulandelela ukukhula kobukhosibabaPedi, amaNdebele, amaSwati namaZulu abe nesandla esikhulu ekwakheni umlando walesisifunda.

Imizabalazo Enobuhlungu

Ngomnyaka we-1845 kwathoma esitjha isikhathi sepilo ngesimanga sokufika kwamaBhunu kwaze kwathi ngeminyaka ematjhumi emine kwaloko kudlange umzabalazo oneminyembezi ngokubanga ihlabathi, umsebenzi kanye nepolotiki yokuphatha hlangana namaBhunu nabantu abanzima. Ukusunduzelwa ekolweni mamitjhinari weBerlin ngemva kweminyaka ye-1860 kwangeza khulu ekuphikisaneni. Lemizabalazo yatjhiya iimbazi ezingasasukiko ngokuhlukaniselanwa kwehlabathi nendlela umphakathi wasala ungakho nangekolo eyaba khona esifundeni.

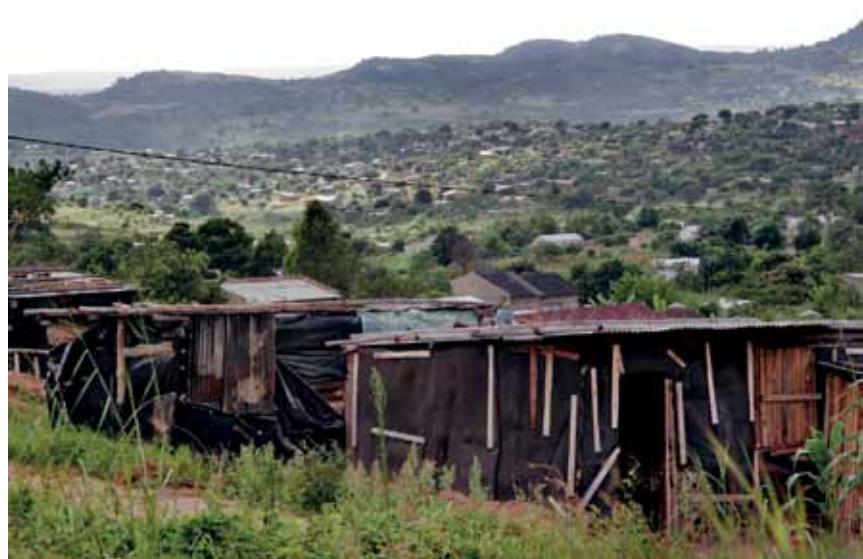
IMpumalanga inamabala wezipi ezimbi kanye neensalela ezinengi zamarubhi atjengisa indlela kwakusakhiwa ngakho iimphephelo ngamatje nezinye izinto zemvelo nokuziveza kwemiphakathi yabantu abanzima namamitjhinari. Nanyana ezinye zaleziindawo zibulungiwe ezinengi zazo azikabulungwa begodu ukuqakatheka kwazo namhlanje kufihlekile, kwsinye isikhathi uthola bona azisaziwa.

Umlando owaziwa khulu wepi eMpumalanga ngowepi iyaba yimbi khulu phakathi kwamaBhunu neBriton ePini yeSewula Afrika ekupheleni kwsentjhuri ye-19. Iminyaka eminengi ngemva kobana seyaphela lepi, yaziwa ‘njengepi yomuntu omhlophe’ ibethela mthalazeni indima eyadlalwa babantu abanzima, ukugcinwa kwabo eenkampeni nokususwa kwabo ngobunengi eendaweni ezithileko. Nanyana kunjalo, kusukela ngeminyaka ye-1980 ukuya phambili abosomilando bathoma ukuyeleta nokutjhejisisa kilelihlangothi elifih-lakeleko lepi. Umdwebo okulelirhubhululo, lencwadi iveza imizwa yabantu abanzima ngepi kilesisifunda, indima abayidlalako nanyana ababe bakatelelwabona bayidlale, isithintela sokulwa kwemiphakathi yabantu abanzima kanye nokukhohliswa ngamathemba ababenawo ngesikhathi sangemva kwepi.

Iimvakatjhi eziseMpumalanga zikhunjuzwa ngeensalela zepi ngokubona imibundu emihle yemvelo emmangweni okarisako kanye nangokuvakatjhela sinye seenthamele zeembandana. Bayimbijana abalonako bona iMpumalanga ayikabusiswa ngobuhle bommangwayo kwaphela kodwana kwakade ivele iyindawo la umuntu akghona khona ukwakha ubudlelwana nemvelo. IKruger



Ngokuya ngesidleni
kusukela phezulu:
Izindlu ezibiza imali
ephezulu ngaphandle
nje kweWitbank; izindlu
ezibiza imali ephasi
eMhluzi, eMiddelburg;
umuzi ominyeneko
etlhagwini yepumalanga
yehlanzeni; umakhiwo
olibhilidi eNelspruit.



National Park, njengombana iqakatheke kangaka, ngiyo yodwa ekucocwe ngayo kabanzi kilomtlolo.

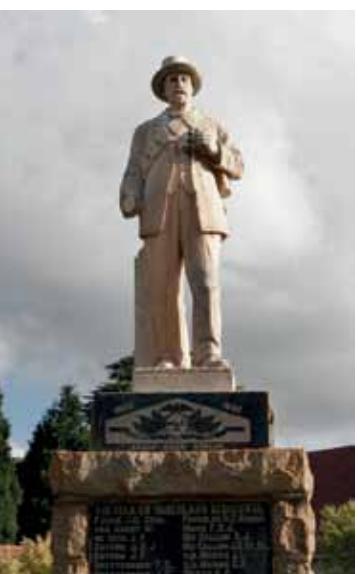
Ukutjhuguluka Kwezomnotho

Ngitjho nesivakatjhi esinganasikhathi nesinganandaba nezinto sisakufumana bona yinto ebudisi ukungaziboneli amatjhuguluko amahle kangaka wezomnotho enzeke eMpumalanga ngalesentjhari yokugcina nesigamu. Iintetjhi zegezi (amaphawa), amasimu nemithathi emikhulu yesiphila, iindunduma kanye neemayini, amadorobha neenthabathaba zeentolo, amabubulo akhiwa msinya khulu abufakazi obukhulu balamatjhuguluko wezemnotho. Izindlwana ezincani ezifanako nezirheme emaphethelweni wamadorobha, imikhukhu eyanda beyiminyane ngalendlela, izindlu ezizodwa emimangweni, abarhwebi abajame bathengisa, nelutjha esilibona lijame eentradeni lilekelela ukujamisa iinkoloyi eentradeni koke lokhu kumiphumela yomlando walelitjhuguluko lezomnotho.

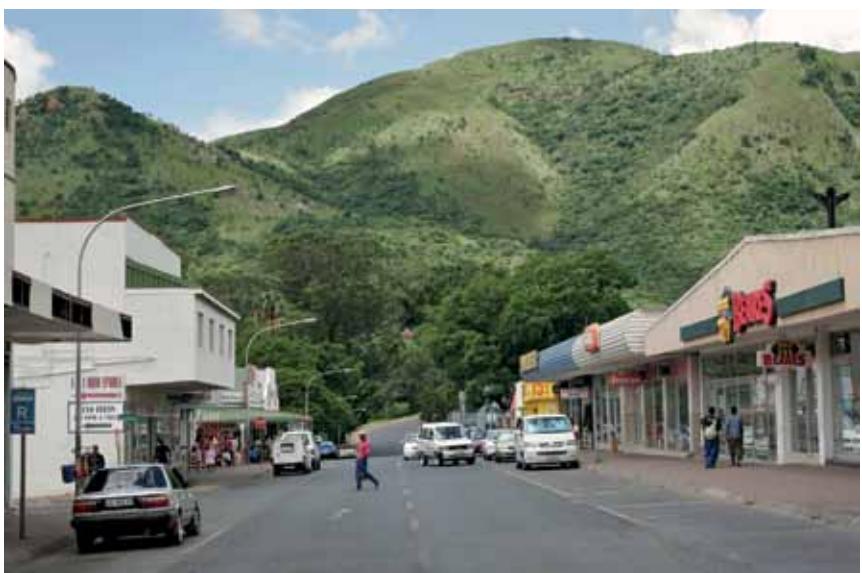
IMpumalanga inomnotho omnengi oqinisekisa bona ingeniso layo ngomnotho lingena kwelesine emnothweni weSewula Afrika uphelele. Leligugu lokwakha umnotho limthombo ofanele unakekelwe ngokuwususela ekucabangeni, ukuphalisana kwezebhizinisi, amabhizinisi athuthukako kanye nabasebenzi abanamakghono. Kodwana lekambiso yayithikanyezwa beyilinyazwe kuhluka nokubandlululana ngokobutjhaba nobulili kanye nokusebenzia abantu ngendlela enganaki amakghono amanengi abanawo kilowo msebenzi. Ngalokho-ke, umlando omkhulu nowaziwako ngamatjhuguluko wezomnotho ngoveza ubuqhaka obukhulu nokuthogeka komsebenzi.

Njengombana kuvezwe kusahluko 2, ngesikhathi sokufika kwabantu abamhlophe nokubuswa kwabo makuwa la, abantu abanzima bazifuma bathathelwa inarhabo kancanikancani. Kodwana inengi labantu abanzima lisahlala eendaweni ekungezamakuwa la balimela nje ukuziphilisa ngendlela yokuqatjha. Imbjana yemiphakathi yakghona ukuthenga amapla si ngaphambi kokubethwa komThetho weNarha we-1913 (1913 *Land Act*) owawuvimbela umuntu onzima bona angaba nenanha. Isentjhuri yama-20 yahlangabezana nomzabalazo ovikelekileko wemiphakathi yabantu abanzima odzimelele ekuhlaleni eenarheni zabo begodu lokho kwenza bona kuvame ukuba nokutsitsila.

Ngemva kwe-1948 umbuso weNational Party wasikima nokwenza bona ihlelo lebandlululo lithome ukusebenza ngamandla, elathi nalithomako labanga ukugandelelwa nokunghangha okunengi. IMpumalanga yaba siziba somzabalazo wepolotiki iminyaka ema-40 yoke ngomlando ongaziwa ngaphandle. Isahluko sokugcina salomlando okhambisana neenthombe



Ngokuya ngesidleni
kusukela phezulu:
Abantu abahlala
emaplasini eduze neDull-
stroom; isakhamuzi
seBarberton; isitrada
esikhulu eBarberton;
ilitje-
sithombe eHendrina
ngesewula yekangala.



sinikela ii ntjengiso ezimbalwa zokubambana ngeenhluthu begodu kwasiza ekuphunguleni amandla wehlelo lebandlululo.

Ukuqala Emuva Naphambili

Lencwadi ifakazela bona iMpumalanga inomlando ongeneleleko begodu ohlukileko ofuna bona waziwe banzi begodu nokobana umlandwayo, iMpumalanga, uveza iinkambiso ezisebenze ekwakhawiwi kweSewula Afrika etja le. Yindawo yokuhlalisa abantu la imihlobo eminengi yabantu yeza yafike yahlalisana begodu ngokunonde kuliwa, kubanjisanwa nokurweyilelana kwaze kwadaleka imiphakathi, ukuhluka nekusasa elabonakala lidlulela yoke imikhawulo yalokho okwakusenzeka. Abazumi, abelusi, abalimi, abeSuthu babaTswana, amaTsonga, amaNguni, amaNgisi, namakuwa akhuluma i-Afrikaans boke lababantu bafunda ukuphilisana nokuhlalisa. Iinkambiso zokudluliselana amasiko namasikopilo kwaba yinto ekulu nesiza ukwakha umphakathi omutjha. Kwesinye isikhathi leziinkambiso gade ziba buhlungu begodu ziphambana nobulungiswa. Kodwana zazitjengisa ukuthembela epumelelweni nokukhanya kwelanga bese kuthi ekugcineni kuvele imisebe yethemba ekhomba ukubelethwa kabutjha kwesifunda nenanra yoke.

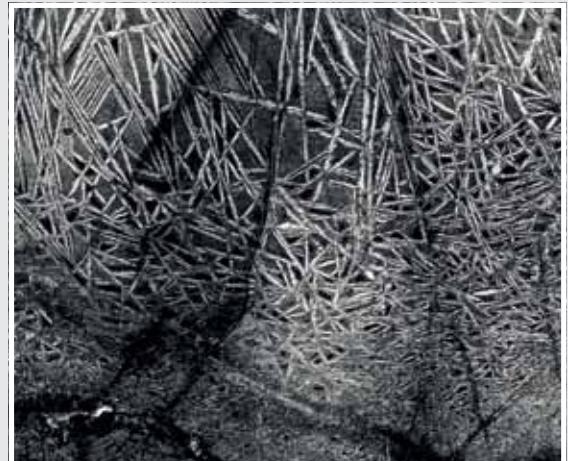
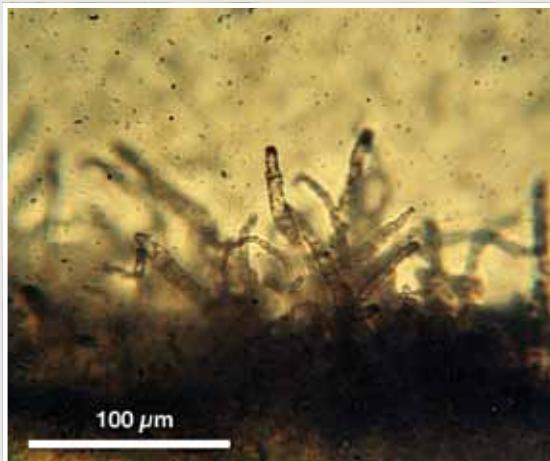
Njengombana kwakuneendlela ezinengi esikhathini esadlulako, kuneendlela ezinengi zokungenelela amagugu wesifunda seMpumalanga. Esinye nesinye isahluko salencwadi sinikela sisivakatjhi esifuna ukwazi ilwazi laso elikhethekileko. Okumbi-ke kukobana ezinye zeendawo eziqakathetkileko azaziwa nanyana azikameregwaa begodu ezinengi azinakwa nokunakwa nanyana zoniwe. Ingcenyi yomnqopho wencwadi le kubeka lobubodlhana emizameni yokuhluwanisa, ukurhubhulula, ukubuyisela nokuvikela iindawo nokuvula iindlela neendingo ezizakwazisa abantu abanengi ngomlando namagugu amahle kangaka weMpumalanga.

Ukuthoma

Iintaba zeBarberton ziphethe imihlobo yekuthomeni nemihle khulu ukudlula yoke imihlobo yamatje ephasini zombelele. Amatje la anobufakazi obubonakalako bepilo yokuthoma yomhlaba ekubufakazi bona lesisiphande sasisibulungi sepilo.

Ihlangothi lomlambo weKomatि neentaba eziseBarberton zinamatje wakade kanye namafosili wakade atholakala nanyana kukuphi ephasini.





Ukuya ngesidleni kusukela phezulu: imitiyana efana neenhluthu ebangwa yibhakthiriya edwaleni lomhlobo wevolkheno eentaben zeBarberton, yathejulwa nge-electron microscope; i-spinifex textures ekomatiite, umhlobo ongakavami wedwala elatholakala magega nomlambo weKomati; umsamelo welava eline-ocelli (amehlo).